1 Supplemental materials for:

3	Evaluating growth dimorphism, maturation, and skip spawning of Atlantic halibut in the
4	Gulf of Maine using a collaborative research approach
5	
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23 Supplemental Materials Part 1: Sample sizes

24 Table S1. The number of female Atlantic halibut (*Hippoglossus hippoglossus*) processed for

25 gonad histology and used in reproductive analyses, by sampling (A) source and gear and (B)

26 month and year. Sources are the Cape Cod Commercial Fishermen's Alliance (CCCFA); Maine

27 commercial fishery (Commercial_ME); Massachusetts Division of Marine Fisheries, Industry

28 Based trawl survey (MA_IBS); Maine and New Hampshire inshore bottom trawl survey

29 (ME_NH_Survey); Northeast Fisheries Science Center bottom trawl and bottom longline surveys

30 (NEFSC_Survey); NEFSC Cooperative Research Branch, Study Fleet (NEFSC_SF).

31

(A)			Gear		
Source	Trawl	Gillnet	Longline	Rod Reel	Total
CCCFA	43	153	1	0	197
Commercial_ME	0	0	2	0	2
MA_IBS	12	0	0	0	12
ME_NH_Survey	10	0	0	0	10
NEFSC_Survey	48	0	40	0	88
NEFSC_SF	5	0	0	1	6
Total	118	153	43	1	315
Total	110	155		1	

3	5

(B)			Year		
Month	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Jan	0	0	0	0	20
Feb	0	0	0	0	10
Apr	0	2	2	3	3
May	8	7	3	17	17
Jun	0	0	0	3	23
Jul	0	0	0	2	28
Aug	0	0	0	21	13
Sep	0	0	0	11	13
Oct	7	5	4	29	16
Nov	3	4	7	20	13
Dec	0	0	0	1	0
Total	18	18	16	107	156

38 Table S2. The number of Atlantic halibut (*Hippoglossus hippoglossus*) processed for age &

39 growth analyses, by sampling (A) source and gear and (B) month and year. The first number is

40 females, the second number is males, and the third number is sex unknown. A dash indicates no

41 samples of any sex category. Source abbreviations used are the same as in Table S1.

42

(A)	Gear							
Source	Trawl	Gillnet	Longline	Rod Reel	Total			
CCCFA	42,2,2	150,24,5	1,0,1	0,0,2	229			
Commercial_ME	-	-	6,2,0	-	8			
MA_IBS	6,1,8	-	-	-	15			
ME_NH_Survey	28,23,0	-	-	-	51			
NEFSC_Survey	36,37,13	-	23,4,0	-	113			
NEFSC_SF	5,0,0	-	-	-	5			
Total	203	179	37	2	421			

43

(B)			Year		
Month	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Jan	-	-	0,0,1	-	19,2,0
Feb	-	-	-	-	10,0,0
Apr	-	2,2,0	1,0,0	1,0,4	1,0,1
May	9,8,1	10,3,0	8,15,0	12,4,7	13,4,0
Jun	0,1,0	-	0,2,0	10,5,3	22,6,3
Jul	-	-	-	2,2,0	30,8,2
Aug	-	-	-	19,3,1	15,2,1
Sep	-	-	-	10,1,1	13,1,0
Oct	7,0,0	5,1,0	-	29,2,1	19,10,0
Nov	4,5,2	4,4,0	-	19,2,3	3,0,0
Total	37	31	27	141	185

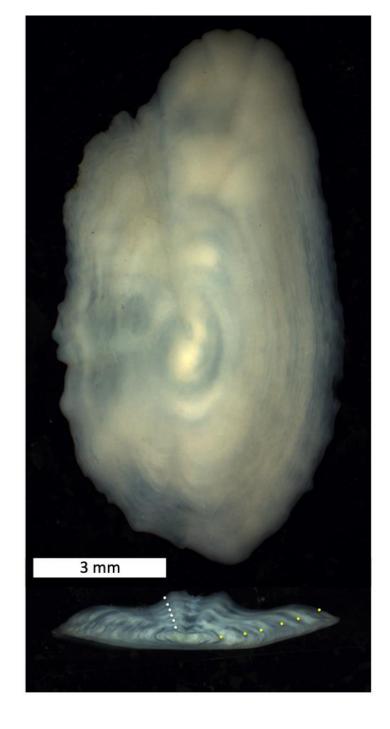
- 47
- 49

50 Supplemental Materials Part 2: Age & Growth

Image of a sagittal otolith whole (eyed side; in water [top]) and sectioned (blind side; bottom)
from the same individual. This Atlantic halibut was an 81.5 cm male, determined as 6 years old,
captured May 31, 2016. On the sectioned otolith image, two series of dots indicate different

55 possible annuli counting axes. The scale bar is 3 mm for both images.





67 Supplemental Materials Part 3: Reproduction

68

69 <u>Overview</u>. This part regarding Atlantic halibut reproduction depicts several traits of six

individuals in relation to the major maturity classes observed in this study (illustrated in Figure 9
 of the main text). Each page depicts both macroscopic and microscopic images of an individual

female, together with a plot of oocyte diameters from the same gonad.

73

74 In each legend, fish are identified with a unique name assigned in the field, as well as a cross-

referenced name assigned for histology (i.e., HHSKxxx). The legend states the collection date

and gear, and the fish size and age. It specifically refers to an individual's GSI, an acronym for

77 gonad-somatic index (calculated as ovary weight / ovary-free body weight $\times 100$), as well as the

78 gonad wall (tunica) thickness, as measured to the nearest micron (see Figure 4 of the main text

- 79 for the entire sample of tunica measurements).
- 80

81 <u>A macroscopic image</u> of the whole gonad is presented against a blue grid $(1 \times 1 \text{ cm})$ background.

82 The fish name in the image is the name assigned in the field.

83

84 <u>A microscopic image</u> is also presented, among those that were taken using a Nikon Coolscope

85 under 4x magnification (black scale bar = 250 microns). In total, several images were taken

86 across the entire section of ovarian tissue, resulting in non-overlapping images (9–32 images per

fish), to plot a representative sample of oocyte diameters. In each image, stage-specific oocyte

88 diameters were measured directly from histology slides using the image analysis software,

89 ImageJ and ObjectJ (a plugin). The different stages were marked on the photomicrograph with

90 different colors: primary growth (red), cortical aleolar (green), early vitellogenic (V1; black), and

91 fully vitellogenic (V2; yellow). Only non-overlapping oocytes with the nucleus visible were

92 measured, targeting 100 oocytes measured per female. Early cortical and late cortical were

93 lumped together for this exercise, as they were difficult to distinguish at this magnification.

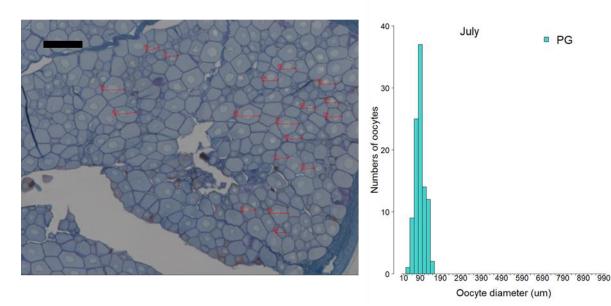
94 <u>The stage-specific oocyte diameters</u> were plotted as a histogram using analytical software (R
 95 Studio).

96 Fish samples depicted here were captured by participating members of the Cape Cod

- 97 Commercial Fishermen's Alliance (CCCFA).
- 98
- 99

- 101 Fish HHSK07011804 (HHSK181) is an **immature** female (86 cm TL, 5 years) collected on July
- 102 1, 2018, by gillnet. It has a GSI = 0.28 (total weight, 6.8 kg; gonad weight 18.9 g). It has a most
- advanced oocyte stage of PG (primary growth), which measure < 0.20 mm in diameter, and gonad wall thickness = 0.14 mm.
- 105

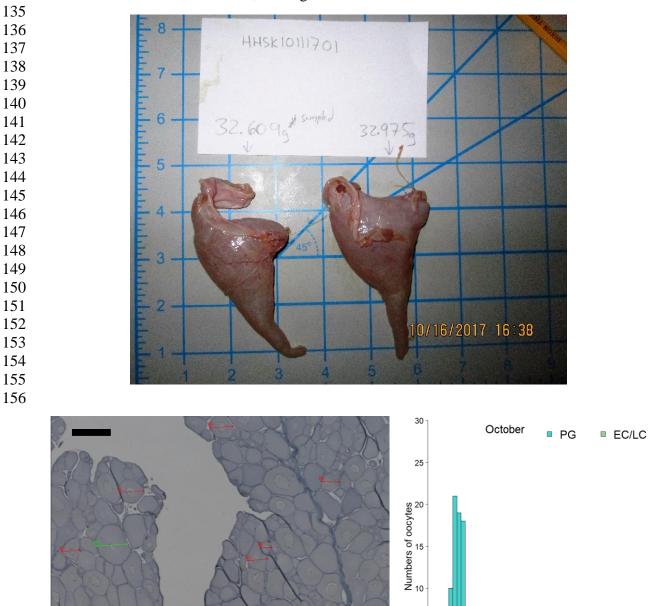




128 129

Fish HHSK10111701 (HHSK087) is an **immature, maturing** female (113 cm TL, 7 years) 131

collected on October 11, 2017, by bottom trawl. It has a GSI = 0.43 (total weight, 15.4 kg; gonad 132 weight, 65.6 g). It has a most advanced oocyte stage of EC (early cortical alveoli), which 133 measure < 0.30 mm in diameter, and a gonad wall thickness = 0.16 mm. 134



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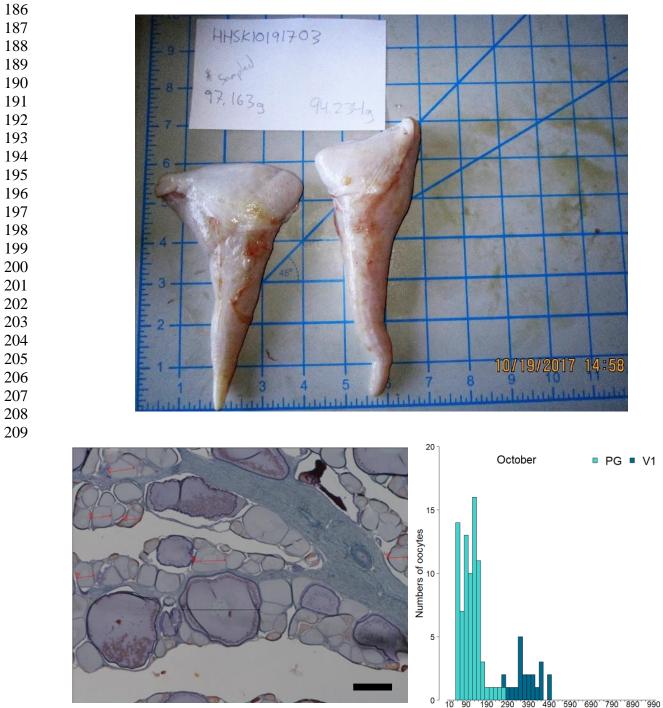
390 490 590 690 790 890 990

Oocyte diameter (um)

Fish HHSK01221802 (HHSK108) is an immature, maturing female (128 cm TL, 10 years)
collected on January 22, 2018, by gillnet. It has a GSI = 0.57 (total weight, 22.7 kg; gonad
weight, 128 g). It has a most advanced oocyte stage of LC (late cortical alveoli), which measure
< 0.50 mm in diameter, and a gonad wall thickness = 0.23 mm.

Oocyte diameter (um)

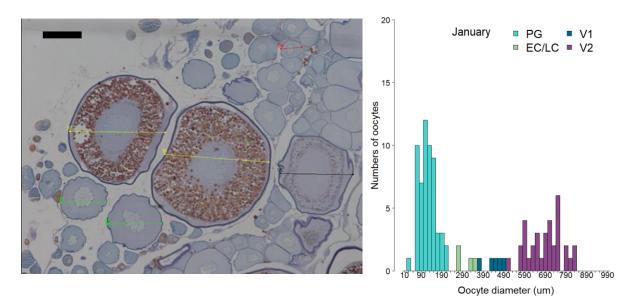
Fish HHSK10191703 (HHSK085) is a skip spawning female (117 cm TL, 9 years) collected on
October 19, 2017, by gillnet. It had a GSI = 0.95 (total weight 20.4 kg, gonad weight 191 g). It
has a most advanced oocyte stage of V1 (early vitellogenesis), which measure < 0.50 mm in
diameter, and a gonad wall thickness = 0.90 mm.



- Fish HHSK01221801 (HHSK104) is a **developing** female (159 cm TL, 11 years) collected on
- January 22, 2018, by gillnet. It has a GSI = 1.6 (total weight, 40.8 kg; gonad weight, 643 g). It has a most advanced oocyte stage of V2 (late vitellogenesis), which measure < 0.90 mm in diameter, and a gonad wall thickness = 0.82 mm.







Fish HHSK06301802 (HHSK225) is a **developing** female (140 cm TL, 12 years) collected on June 30, 2018, by gillnet. It has a GSI = 2.9 (total weight, 39 kg; gonad weight, 1,115 g). It has a most advanced oocyte stage of V2 (late vitellogenesis), which measure < 1.0 mm in diameter, and a gonad wall = 0.93 mm.

